

FIG. 1

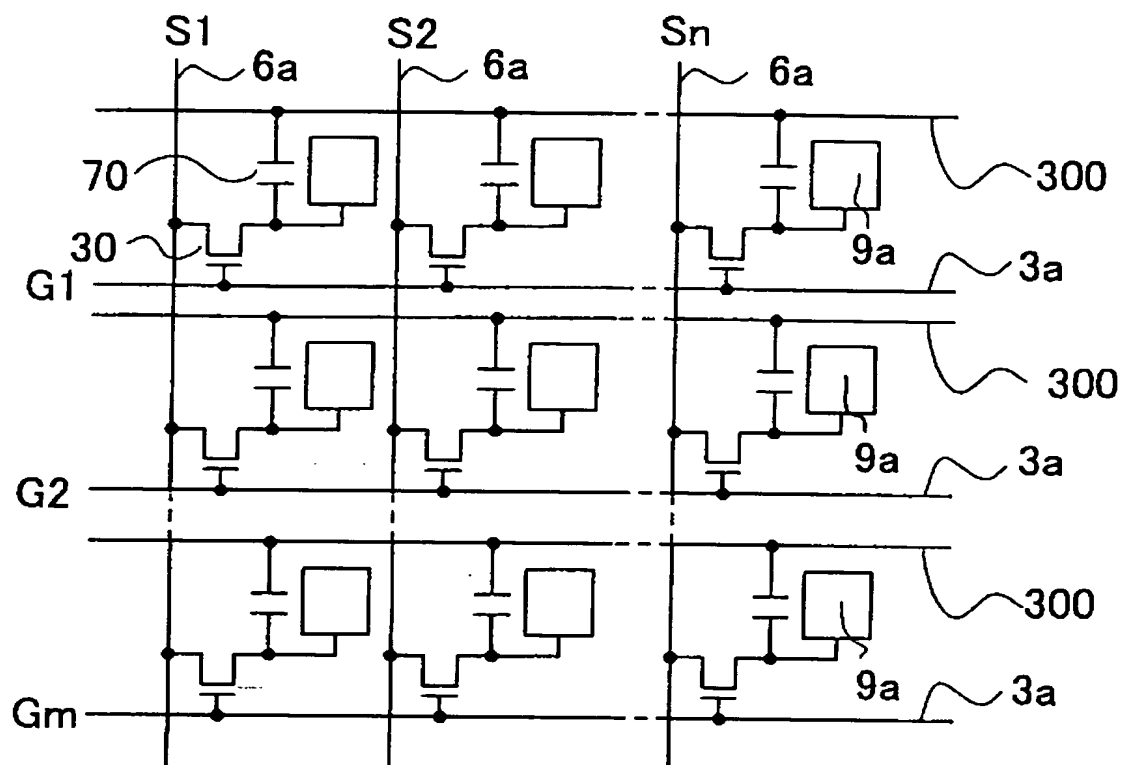


FIG. 2

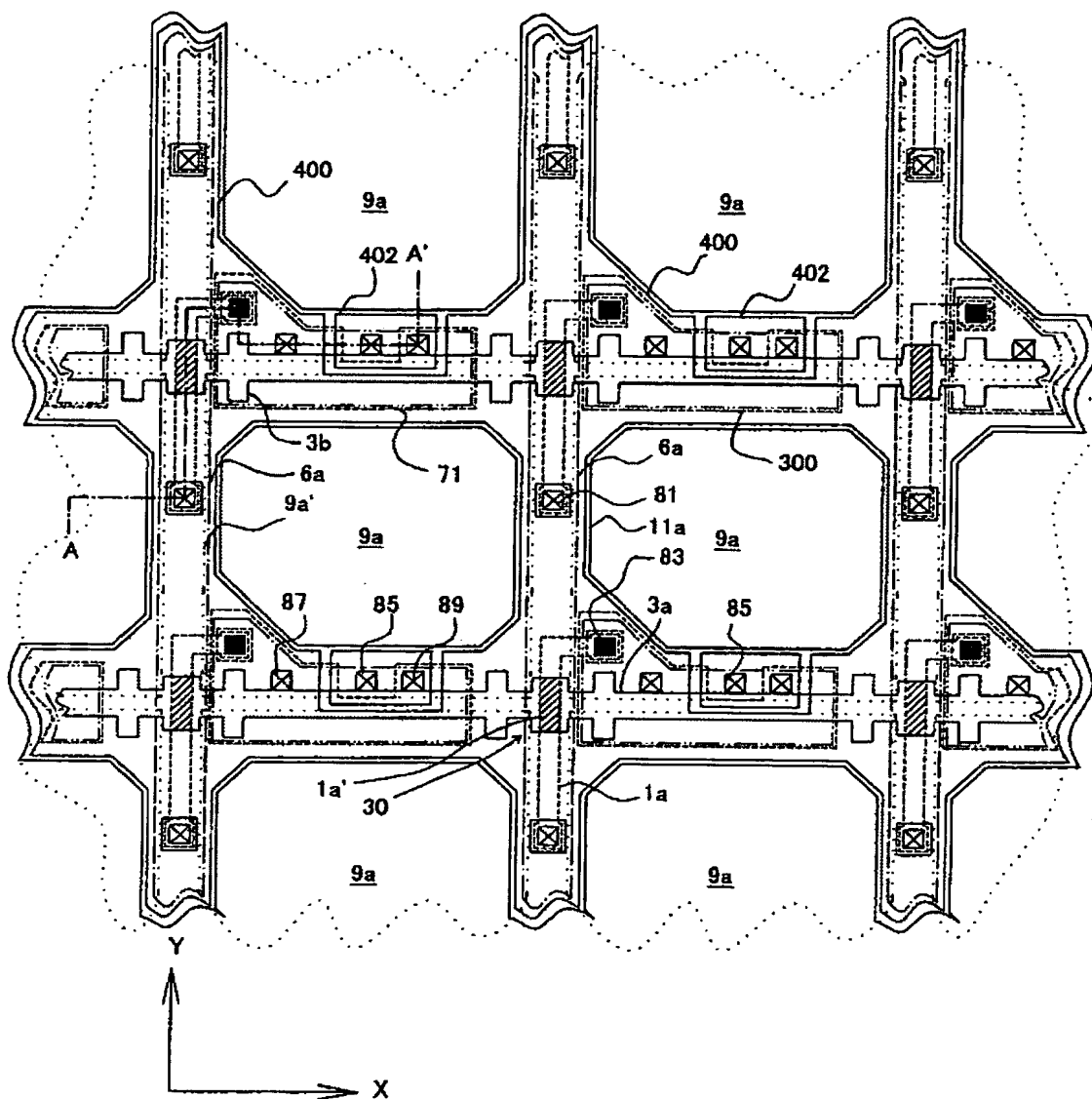


FIG. 3

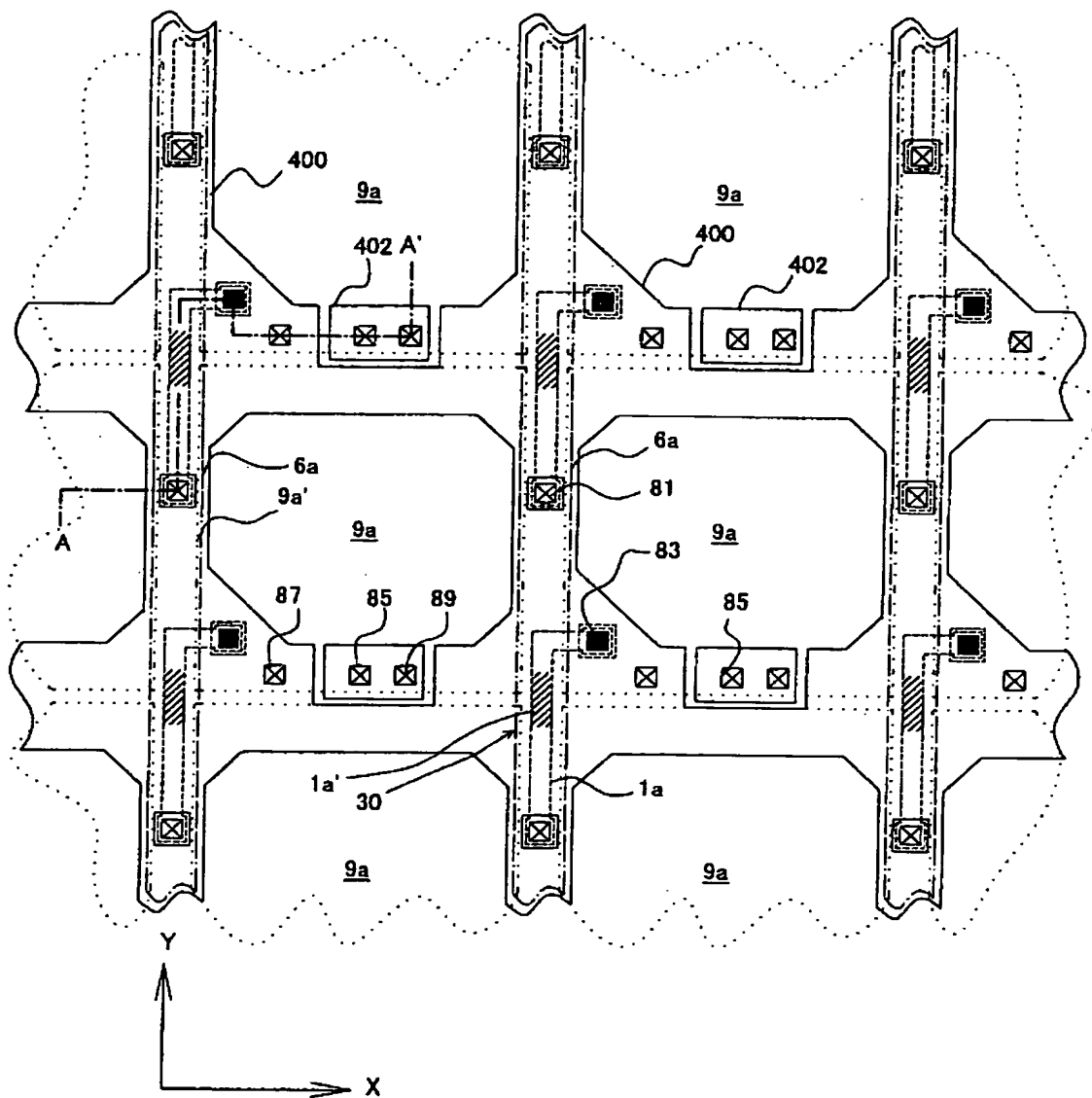
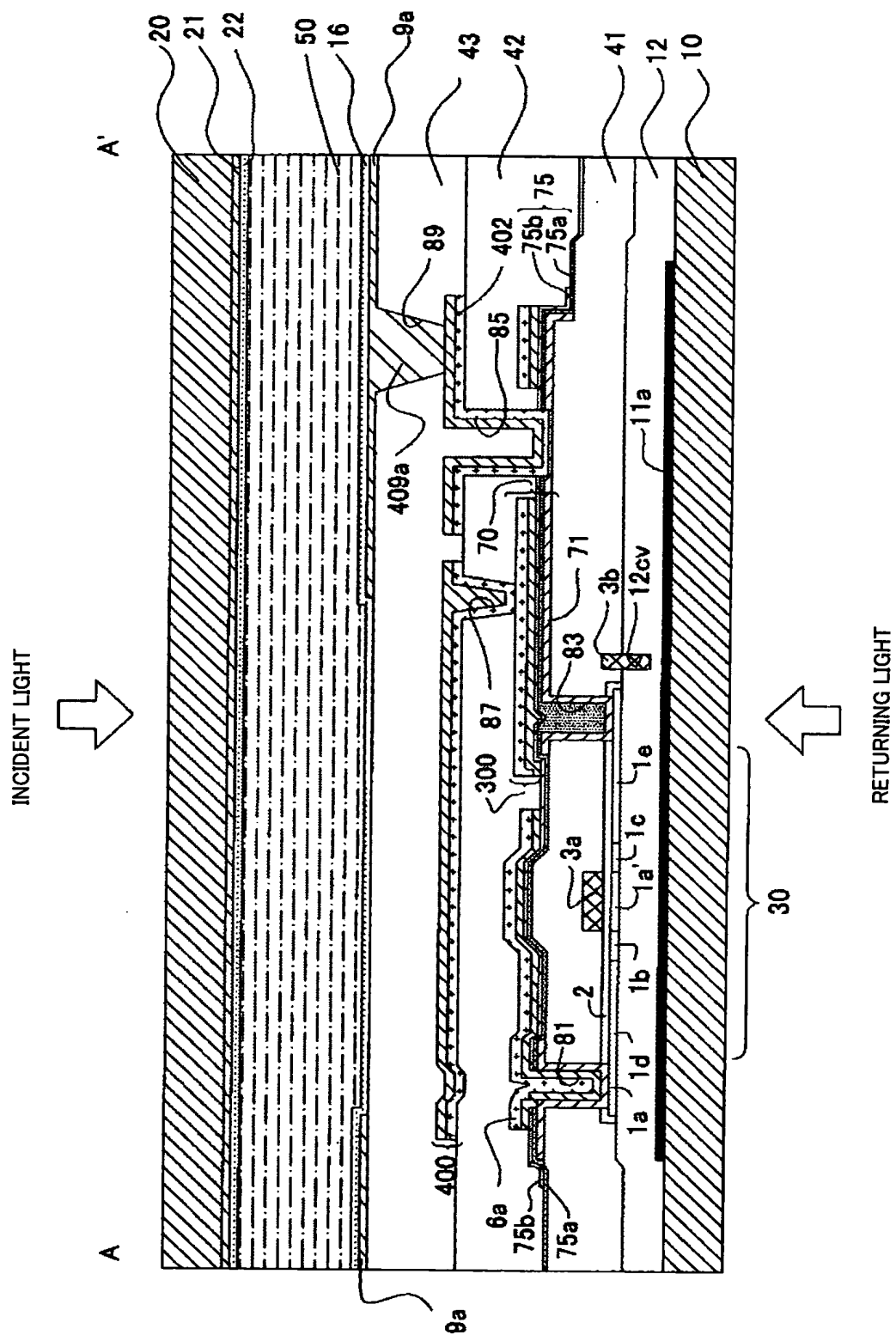


FIG. 4



This diagram shows a cross-sectional view of a multi-layered optical device. The device consists of several layers, with the top layer labeled 10 and the bottom layer labeled 20. The layers are separated by interfaces labeled 12, 16, and 22. A central region, labeled 30, contains a series of layers and interfaces, including 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1g, 1h, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1l, 1m, 1n, 1o, 1p, 1q, 1r, 1s, 1t, 1u, 1v, 1w, 1x, 1y, 1z, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100. The device is shown with incident light entering from the left and returning light exiting to the right. The diagram is labeled with various reference numerals and letters, including A, A', and 30.

INCIDENT LIGHT

RETURNING LIGHT

FIG. 6

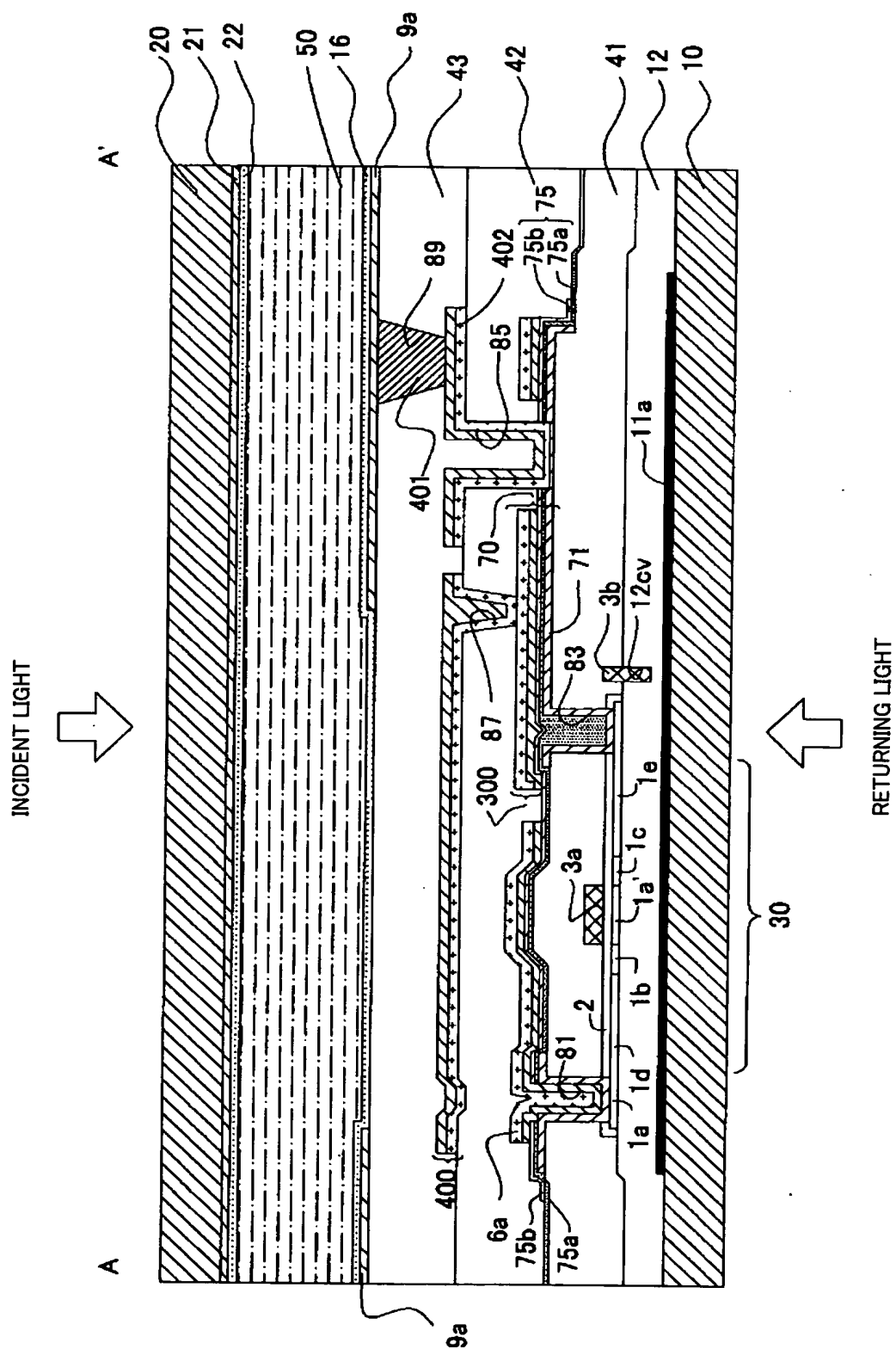


FIG. 7

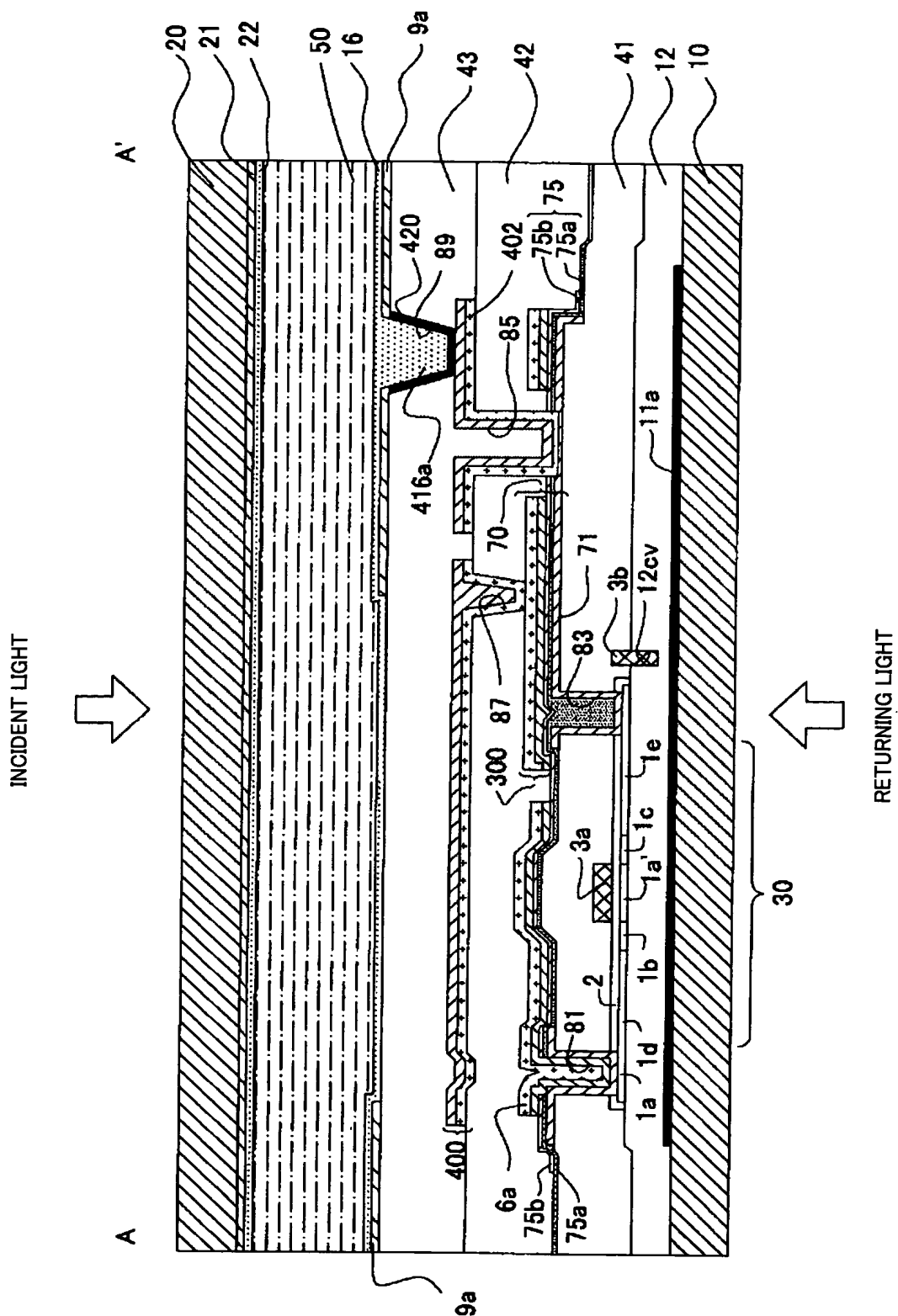


FIG. 8

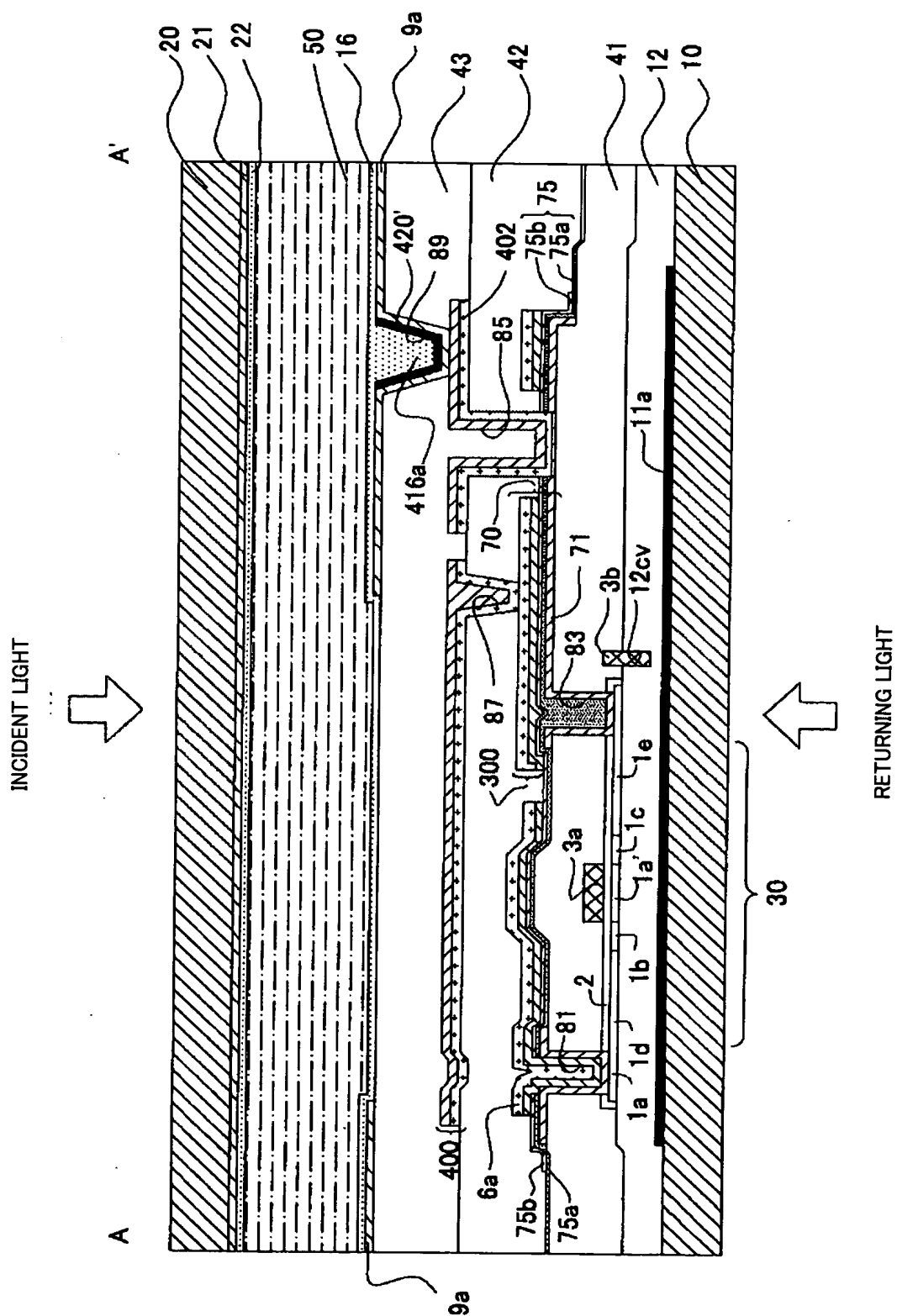


FIG. 9

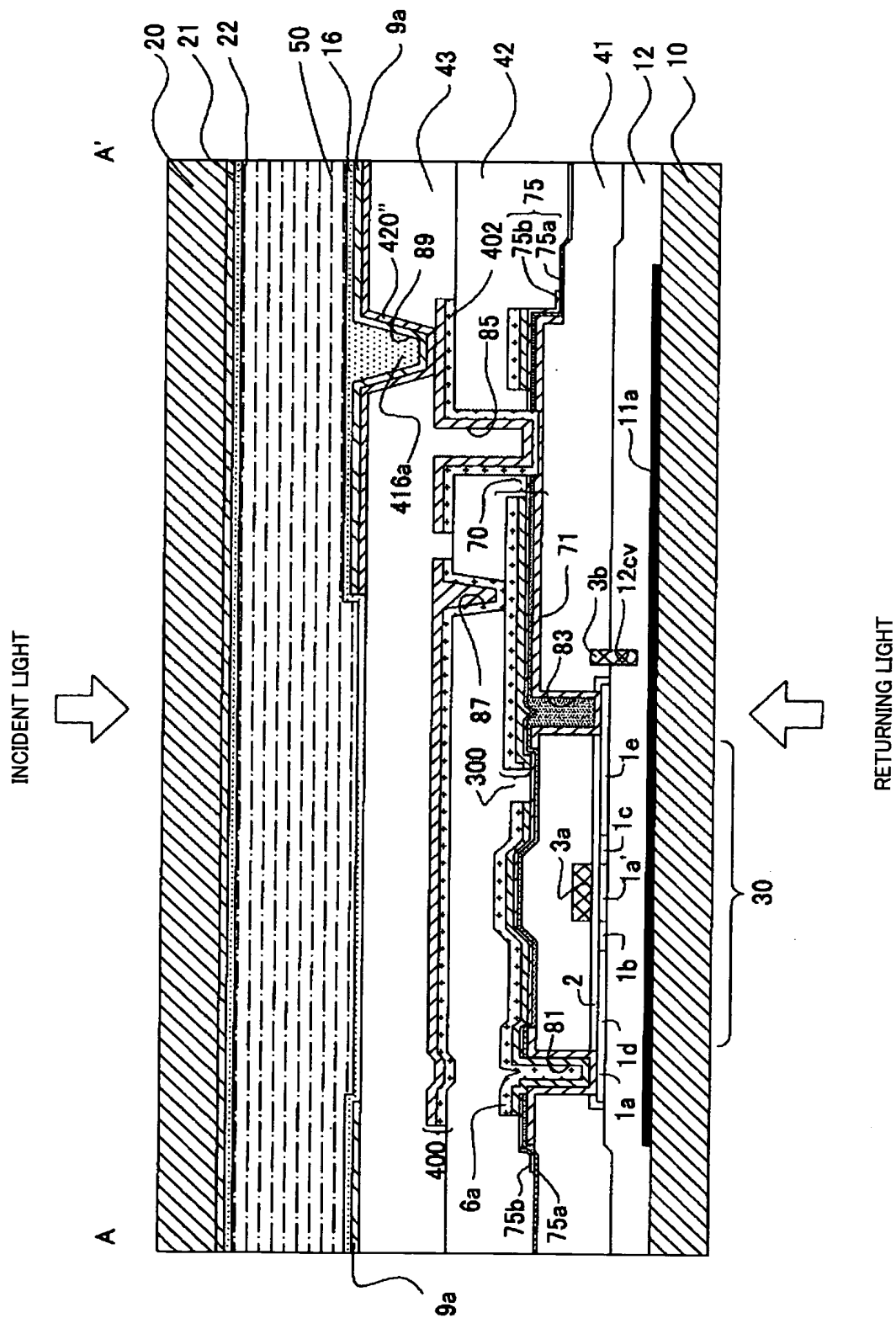


FIG. 1

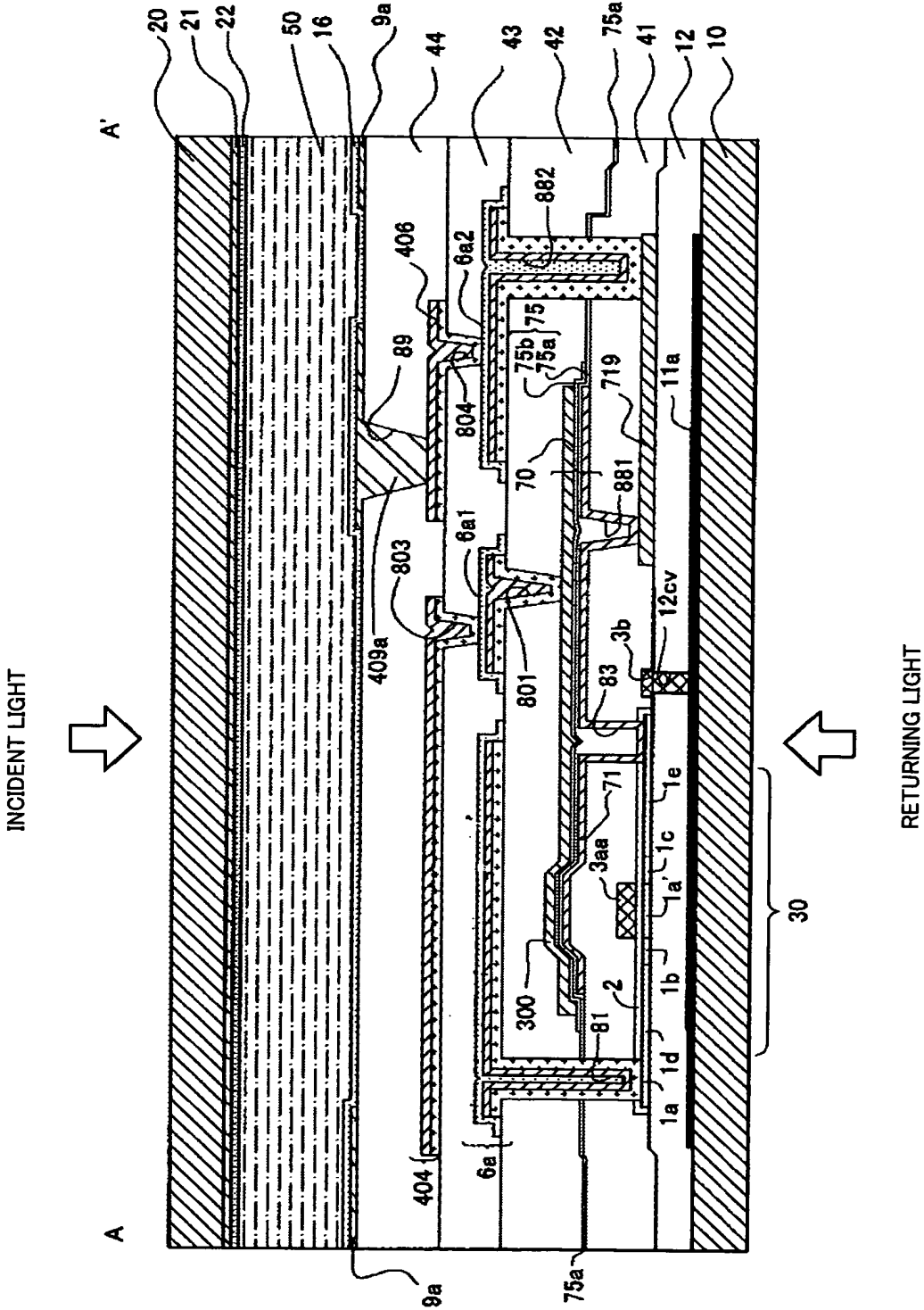


FIG. 12

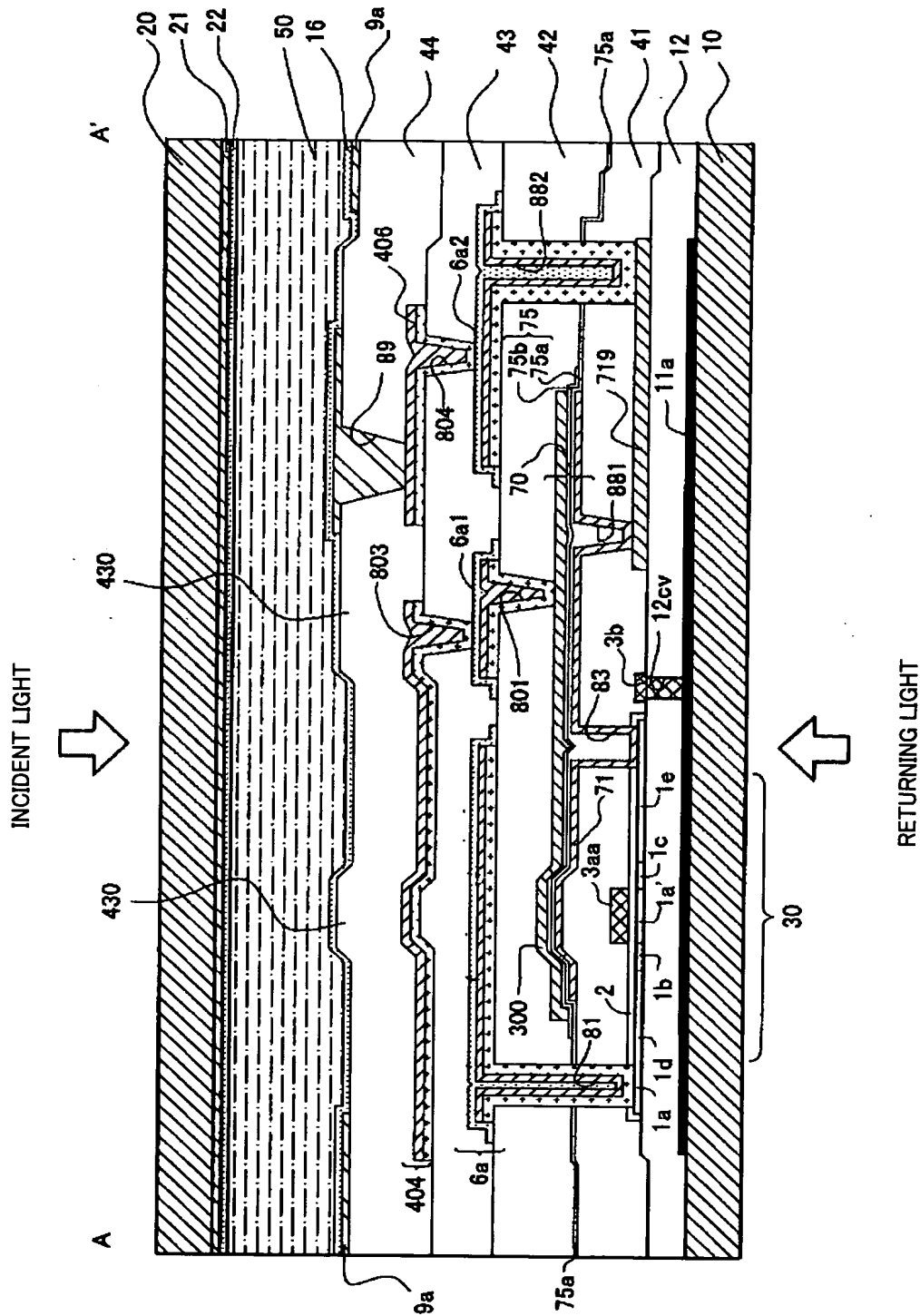


FIG. 14A

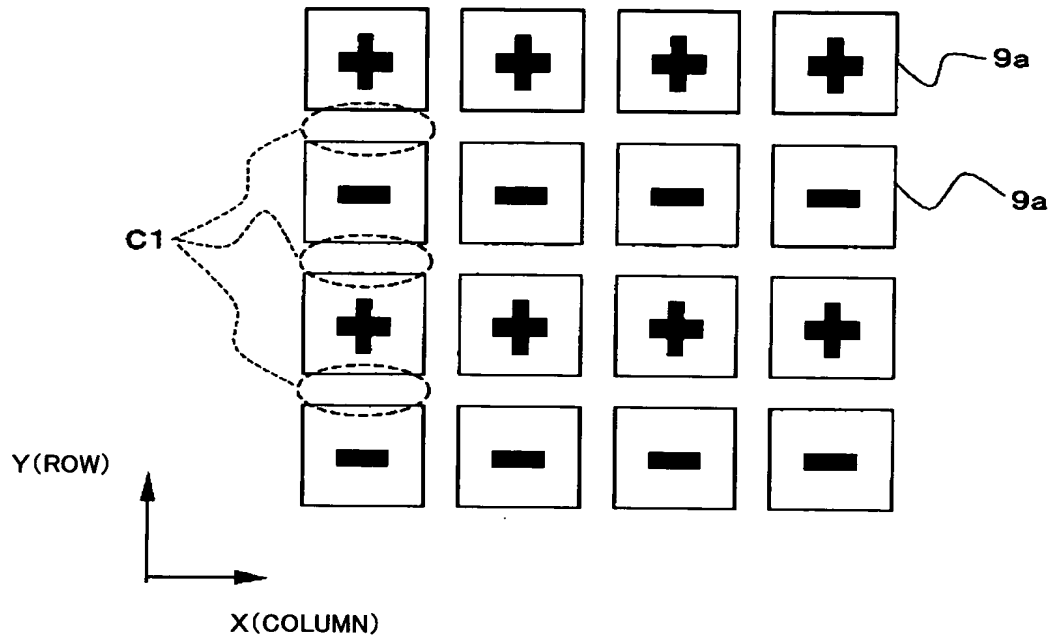


FIG. 14B

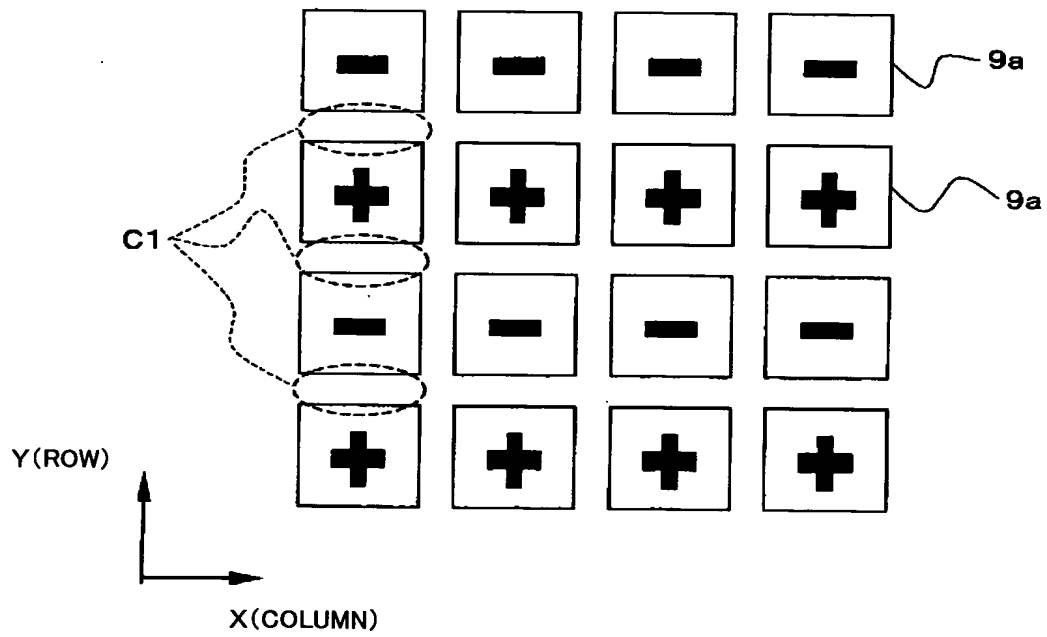


FIG. 15

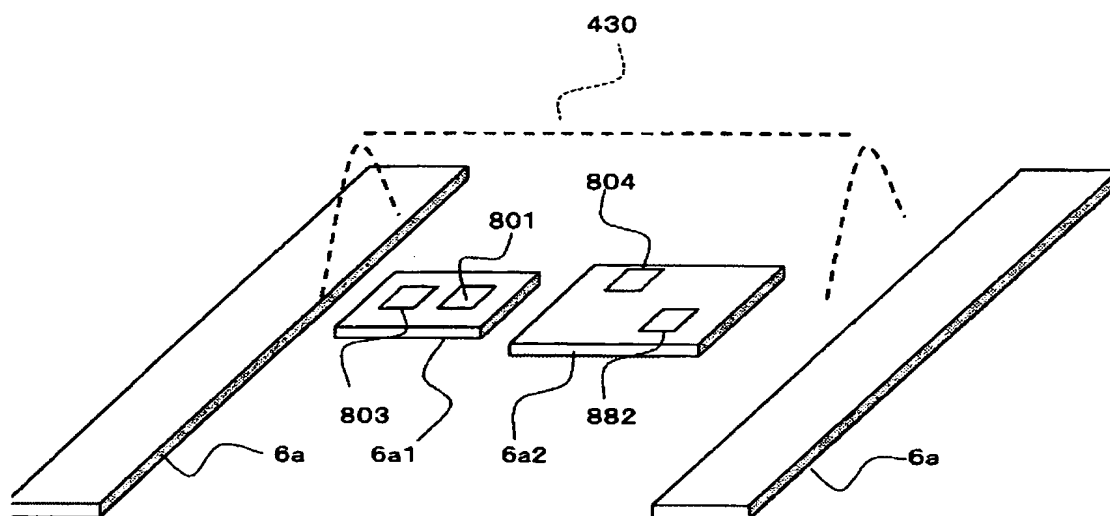


FIG. 16

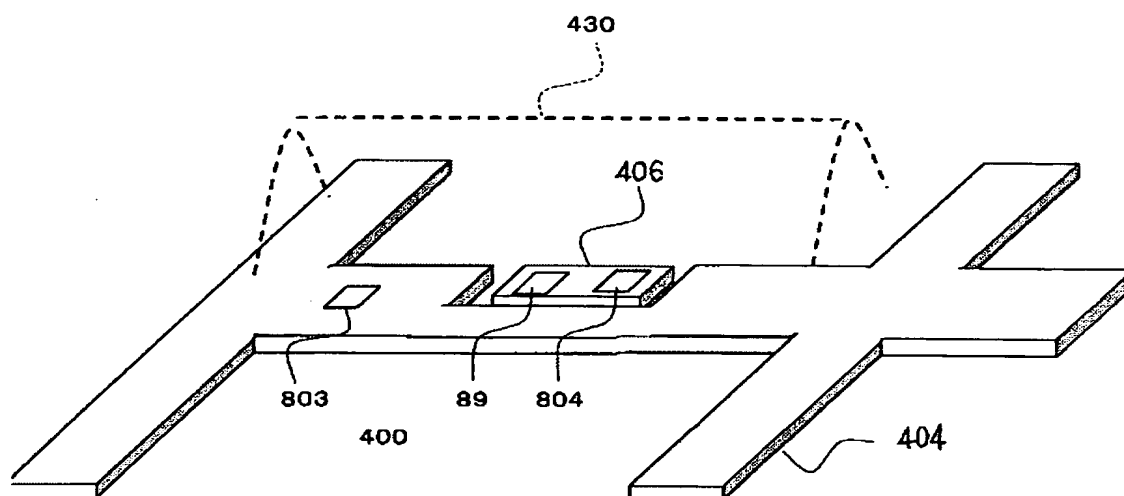


FIG. 17

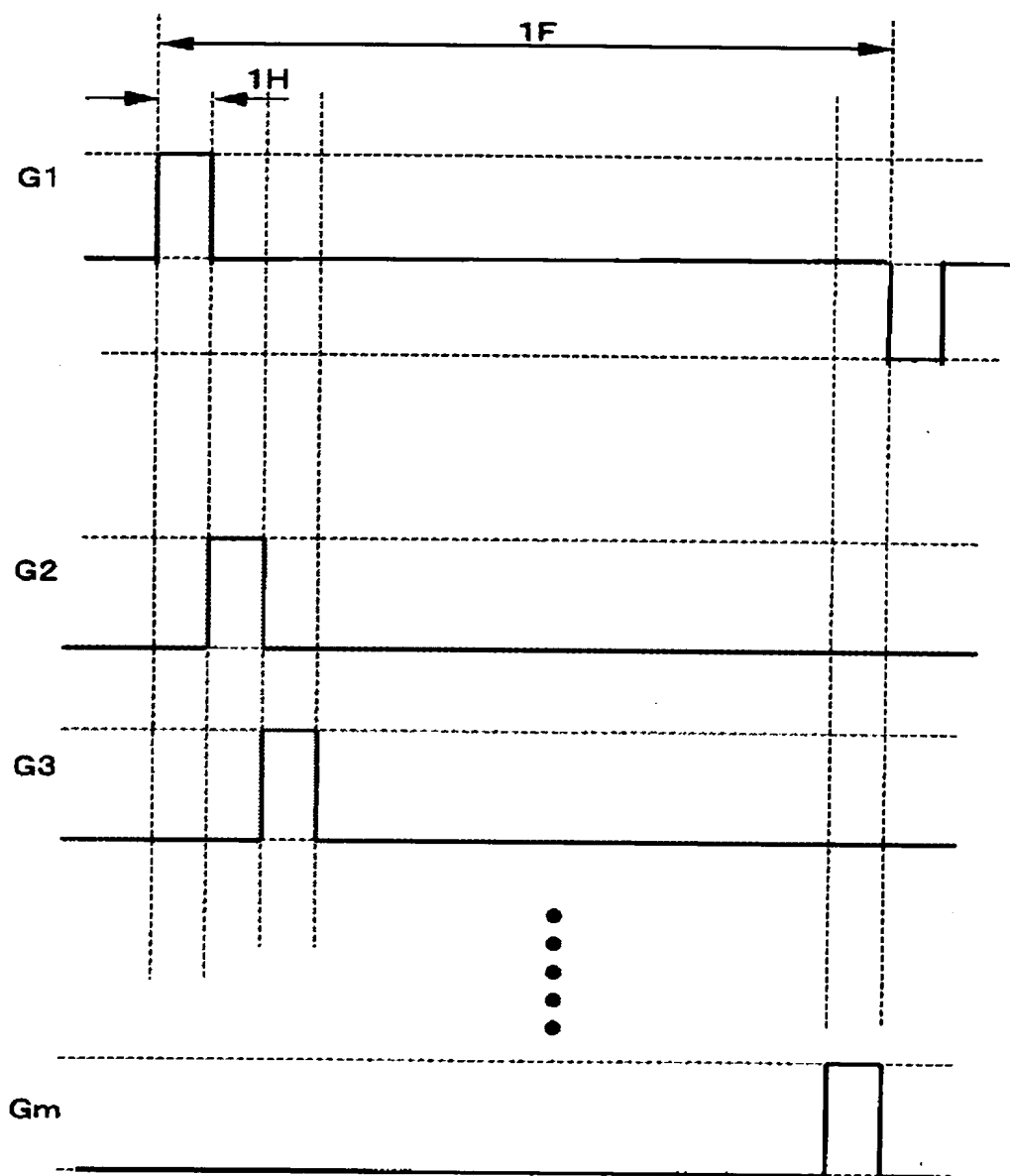


FIG. 18

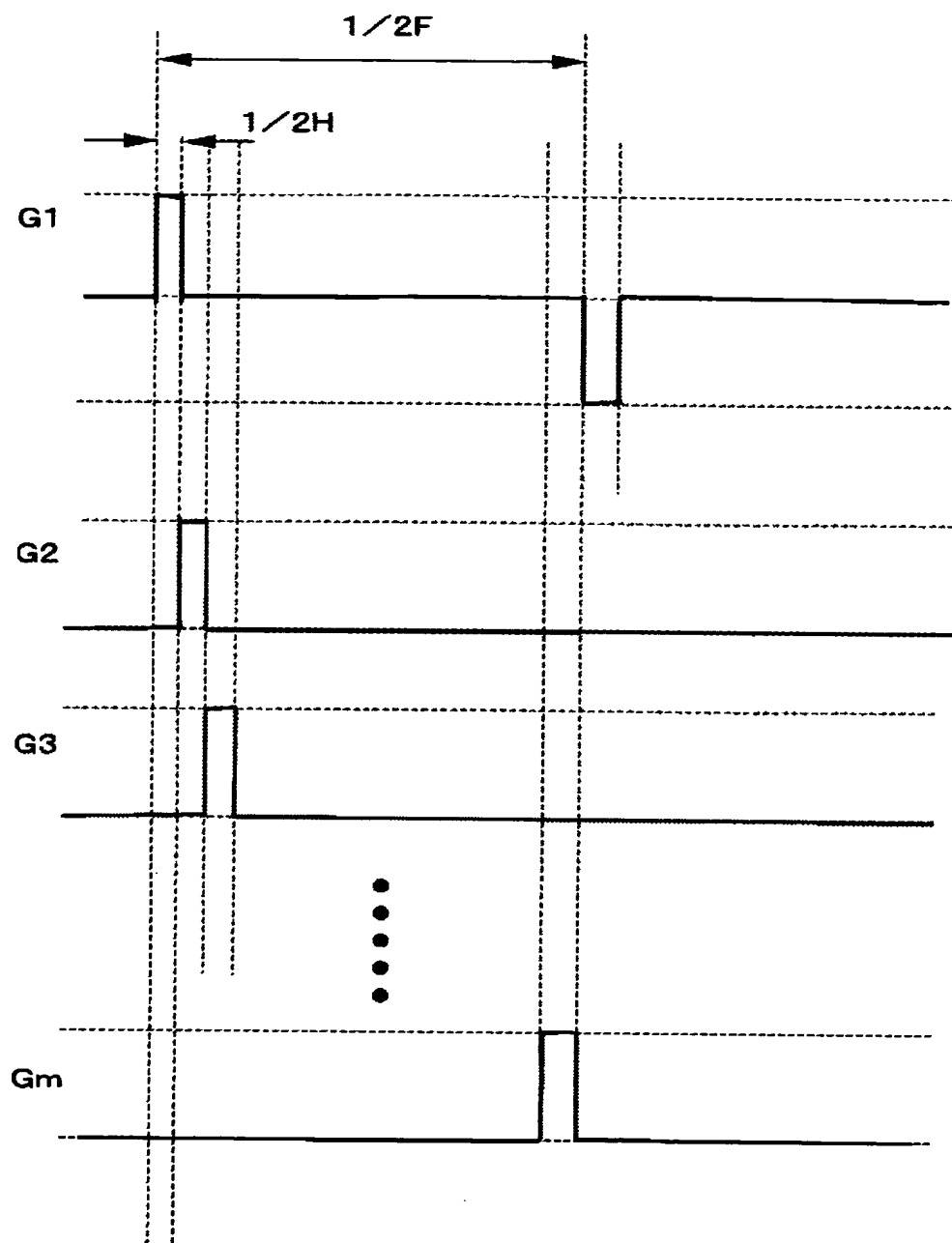


FIG. 19

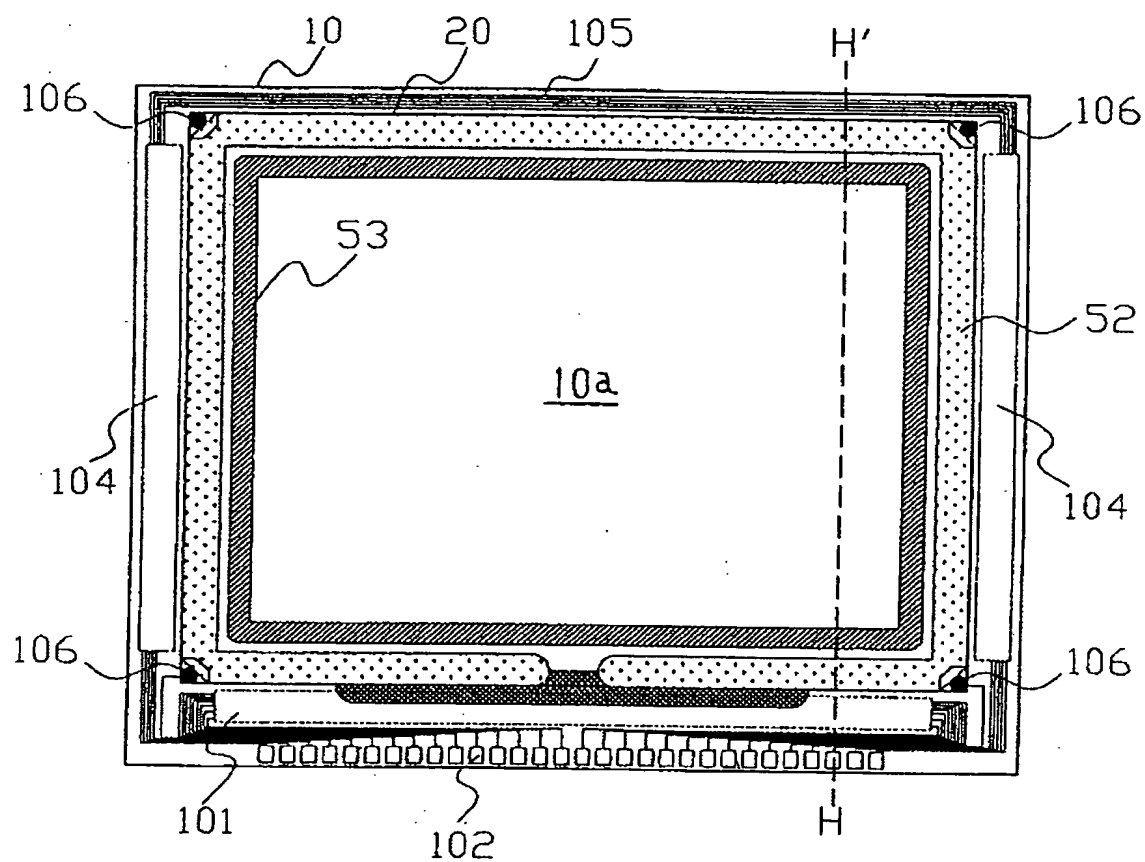


FIG. 20

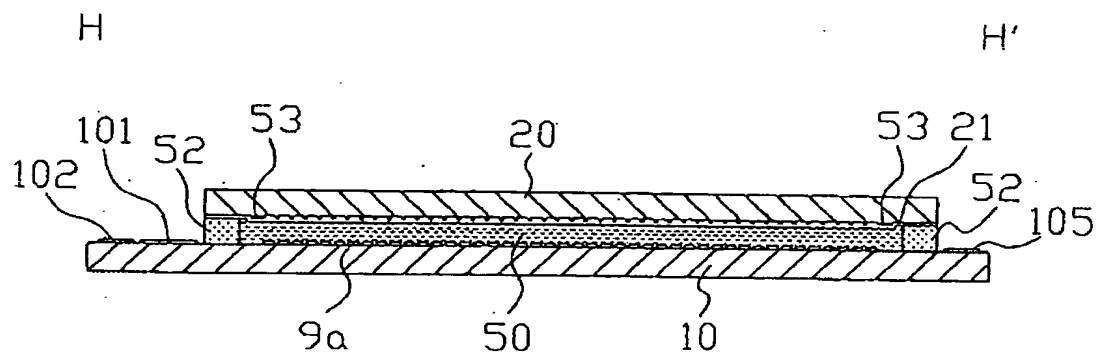


FIG. 21

